

NOTICE TO DEMOCRATS.

A mass meeting of the Democrats of Iron county is called to assemble at the courthouse in Ironton, on

Saturday, June 9th, 1894,

at 2 o'clock P. M., to select delegates to the Congressional and Senatorial Conventions. All Democrats are earnestly urged to attend.

By order of the County Ex. Committee. E. D. AKE, Chairman. W. J. RUSSELL, Secretary.

JUDGE THOMAS has by this time discovered that Missouri is honey-combed with the "silver lunacy."

JUDGE FOX's friends carried Jefferson County last Saturday, after a spirited contest with the adherents of Jasper N. Burks.

HON. SETH COBB had the distinction of special notice in various counties last Saturday. The great pie-dispenser ought to be proud, if not happy.

MARSH ARNOLD is knocking out the bottom from H. N. Phillips. Bollinger, Dunklin and Cape Girardeau all send Arnold delegates to the West Plains Convention.

In the *Republic's* reply to the letter of Mr. Bland, it becomes painfully apparent that double-leads can never supply the place of brains. We again call attention to the fact that there has been no drop in silver. Just paste this in your hat: There has been no drop in silver!

THE one great need of the Democracy of this State is a Democratic daily paper in the city of St. Louis. The party is entitled to an organ at the state metropolis that will voice its sentiments. It now has none. Let there be an effort made by the party to supply this need.

LAST Saturday pretty well determined the Congressional race in this district. Judge Fox secured the delegations of Jefferson, Ste. Genevieve, Perry and Madison counties. The crowd which usually runs things up there endeavored to deliver Jefferson to Burks, but finding that impossible, tried to instruct the delegation for Judge Green, who, by the way, is not a candidate. Judge Fox told them, in effect, that if Judge Green had been in the race he would not have attempted to wrest his home county from him; but that he (Fox) did not intend to be cheated out of the delegation by sharp practice. The good Democrats of Jefferson stood by him, and he knocked out the opposition.

THE New York *Recorder* tells a story of a sale of a wife, which took place not far from Carthage, in that state, a few days since. Mrs. Joseph Kipp is a very comely young woman and has been for a long time the admiration of all the neighboring woodmen. Kipp watched the attentions paid his wife with a careful eye, particularly when one of his fellow workmen, a Frenchman named John Burall, was around. The Frenchman's love grew beyond his control, and at last he became bold enough to tell Joe of it, and to ask him to put a price on his wife. Joe declined to sell, but the Frenchman continued his importunities, and began to plead his cause. Kipp finally gave way, and, while imitating that his wife was the dearest thing on earth, offered to part with her and all their household furniture for \$5. Burall quickly pushed the money into Kipp's face, and a few minutes later Albert Droppo, justice of the peace, drew up a bill of sale, and Mrs. Kipp and Mr. Burall were happy. Kipp left soon afterward for Syracuse.

We have insisted all along that the administration bunco-steerers would, when the time for holding the State Convention arrived, endeavor to sidetrack the coinage issue. This becomes more evident as the days go by and the Convention approaches. The *Republic* abounds with double-leads appealing to the Convention to take no action in regard to the ratio. It wants silver legislation, but it doesn't want the Convention to say what kind; and, in order to carry its point, it stoops to the grossest misrepresentation of the facts. It declares that the free coinage of silver at the ratio of 16 to 1 is a step toward the complete destruction of all contract or credit systems of finance. It was all right to demonetize silver and make every man in debt pay a dollar where he contracted to pay fifty cents, but when that crime is to be set right, every law of sound morality is in the way of a simple act of justice, if the *Republic* and its coadjutors are to be believed. India closes her mints to silver at the beck of the Rothschilds, and the farmer with a mortgage is solemnly informed that he must pay, because of that fact, a dollar for every fifty cents of his debt, and is further requested to believe that he isn't honest if he tries to avoid doing so. "It is ridiculous to attempt to secure free coinage on the appreciating gold basis." If that is to be the outcome of the silver struggle the

play will not be worth the candle. Let our State Convention stand pat on the ratio of 16 to 1, or say nothing about the subject. The people are tired of talk that is never intended to produce any other result than talk. They are tired of hearing promises that they know are never meant to be performed. They are tired of hearing a Free Coinage advocated that will never let another genuine silver dollar pass through the doors of our mints on its way to the people. They are tired of hearing protection denounced on the hustings, in the most volcanic rhetoric, only to have the McKinley bill with a bay window and a cupola presented to them as a great Tariff Reform measure. They are tired of seeing papers, as well as individuals, hold themselves up as repositories of Democratic doctrine, that are tory in every instinct. They are tired of seeing the devil masquerading in holy orders. If they must have a devil—if there is no escape from him—they want the plain, honest devil of the horns, hoofs and tail, not any modern pinchbeck affair labeled an angel of light. If they must be ruled by a devil they want one that has a straight record, and this is the kind of one they are getting in a humor to take: A fact which the man who sumptuously arrays his editorials in double-leads may discover later on.

Another Daniel Come to Judgment.

From his letter to the *Republic* of May 2d, we infer that our old friend, John L. Thomas, has both feet firmly located on the pie-counter, and has concluded that he has found a platform which entirely suits him. He protests against any declaration in the platform to be adopted at Kansas City making a "belief in the ability or right of the Government to make one hundred cents out of fifty cents a test of his Democracy." We would kindly inform our respected friend that no such proposition is thought of by the Democratic masses of this State. What they object to is being made to pay a hundred cents where they contracted to pay but fifty. Judge Thomas well knows that silver has not depreciated, as compared with other commodities. He fully understands that an ounce of silver will buy, approximately, as much corn, wheat, cotton and calico as it did in 1873. He is equally well aware that the production of silver in relation to gold has decreased rather than increased, and that the appreciated value of gold is due to the doubling of its burden when it became the only money of final payment. And that the perpetration of this enormity added largely to the liabilities of the man in debt and reduced the value of his property by about one-half.

Judge Thomas knew, before he was cared for by the administration, that common honesty required the restoration to the people of the silver money that had been taken from them as by a thief in the night. But a new light has beamed upon him.

The refusal of the party to authorize the Secretary of the Treasury to issue bonds, to borrow money when he may think proper, the Judge thinks exceeds the silver lunacy. In fact, he dwells upon this feature of Democratic policy and commends the President's desire to coin fifty-five millions of silver dollars as a consideration for the power to issue unlimited bonds. What business man worthy of the name turns over to his clerk the power to run him into debt indefinitely, without consulting him?

What corporation President has this power, without action of the board of directors? Mr. Cleveland, we will inform Judge Thomas, does not mean to coin a single dollar of silver as money of final payment. He expects to continue to treat silver as token money, just as treasury notes are token money. It useless to attempt to deceive the people about this matter; they know the right and will have it.

Judge Thomas predicts that if the Western Democrats attempt to overturn the single gold standard there will not at the coming elections be left of them "a breakfast spell." Will he please inform us of the cause of the recent reverses in the East, so lately conciliated with the demonetization of silver?

As a friend and well-wisher of Judge Thomas's the *REGISTER* regrets that he was ever called to Washington, whose atmosphere seems to possess the singular power of converting, to the eye of the dweller therein, the zig-zags of Eastern greed into the straight lines of right and justice; and blinds him entirely to pledges given when the dome of the capitol gleamed faint in the distance.

There is nothing I have ever used for muscular rheumatism that gives me as much relief as Chamberlain's Pain Balm does. I have been using it for about two years—four bottles in all—as occasion required, and always keep a bottle of it in my home. I believe I know a good thing when I get hold of it, and Pain Balm is the best I have ever met with. W. B. Denny, dairyman, New Lexington, Ohio. 50 cent bottles for sale by Mrs. P. R. Crisp.

Good taste is nowhere better expressed than in the use of delicate perfumes. Atkinson's are said to be the best. At Crisp's drug store.

BALD HEADS!



What is the condition of yours? Is your hair dry, harsh, brittle? Does it split at the ends? Has it a lifeless appearance? Does it fall out when combed or brushed? Is it full of dandruff? Does your scalp itch? Is it dry or in a heated condition? If these are some of your symptoms be warned in time or you will become bald.

Skookum Root Hair Grower

is what you need. Its production is not an accident, but the result of scientific research. Knowledge of the diseases of the hair and scalp led to the discovery of how to treat them. "Skookum" contains neither minerals nor oils. It is not a dye, but a delightfully cooling and refreshing tonic. By stimulating the scalp, it stops falling hair, cures dandruff and grows hair on bald heads.

For the scalp clean, healthy, and free from irritating eruptions, by the use of Skookum Root Hair Grower. It destroys parasitic insects, which feed on and destroy the hair.

If your druggist cannot supply you send direct to us, and we will forward prepaid, on receipt of price. Grower, \$1.00 per bottle; 6 for \$5.00. Soap, 50c. per bar; 14 for \$5.00.

THE SKOOKUM ROOT HAIR GROWER CO.,

57 South Fifth Avenue, New York, N. Y.



COLLINS AGUE CURE.

A certain cure for CHILLS and every kind of FEVER, BILIOUSNESS, TORMID LIVER, CONSTIPATION, SICK-HEADACHE and FLUX. It will break up any Fever in twelve hours, and cure the worst Cold in one night. No cure no pay. Three or four doses, twelve hours apart, will cure the very worst kind of a case of fever.

Satisfaction guaranteed with every bottle.

For Sale by P. R. Crisp, Druggist.

Democratic Mass Meeting.

IRONTON, Mo., May 5th, 1894.

The Democrats of Iron county assembled in mass convention this day, pursuant to notice previously given.

After the meeting had been called to order, on motion E. D. Ake was elected chairman, and W. J. Russell, Secretary.

The chairman having stated the object of the meeting, viz: To select two delegates to attend the State Democratic Convention at Kansas City, Mo., on the 22d inst.—on motion, D. F. Reese, and E. M. Logan were chosen as such delegates.

On motion, the following resolution, offered by Wm. R. Edgar, was unanimously adopted:

Be it resolved, by the Democrats of Iron county, in mass meeting assembled, that we reaffirm our adherence to the principles of the National Convention of 1892, and heartily endorse the course of our Senators and Representatives in Congress, with the exception of Seth Cobb.

On motion the delegates were authorized to choose their alternates.

The meeting then adjourned sine die.

E. D. AKE, Chairman.

W. J. RUSSELL, Secretary.

From Clones.

Ed. Register.—At 11 o'clock P. M. Friday last rain began to fall here, and as it usually does during an ordinary storm, came down in torrents till nearly 2 o'clock A. M., when it appeared that the very flood-gates were at once opened; and not until 4 o'clock did it cease, when the streams became variable rivers, and the creeks—so-called rivers—were from hill to hill. Corn, oats, wheat, etc., were washed up, and fences swept away like chaff, down the current. In many places the soil in the bottom lands was washed off to the depth to which it had been broken, and in many other places the bottom fields were completely honey-combed. But at 8 o'clock the clouds parted, the sun's rays came forth to cheer us 'mid gloom and devastation. Your scribe, accompanied by Giles McMahon, Esq., made an attempt to go "down the river," to take in the scene of devastation, but after a half hour's ride over hills, through the brush, over rocks, logs, etc., we gave up the adventure as being absolutely impracticable, and returned, rejoicing that we could find standing-room yet above high-water mark.

At a few minutes before noon the same day, a cloud of inky blackness gathered in the northwest, and from all appearance it was evident that another storm was sure to follow. In less time that it takes to write it, rain and hail poured down. The hail stones covered the ground to the depth of an inch, and in the fence corners it drifted in piles two or three inches deep. And as we sat and listened to the hail as it beat its fury against the window panes and upon the roof, we could not but think of the absolute weakness of man 'mid the infinite power of the great, omnipotent God, whose mysterious works the feeble mind of man cannot comprehend.

The paragraph in my last communication in which I spoke of the combat between the Catholics and the members of the so-called A. P. A., has called forth no little comment. "What did he mean?" says one; another, "It is only another of his cranky freaks." Yes, I am willing to admit that I am cranky, but whose business is that? I supposed that every man, woman and child was familiar with the recent difficulty at Kansas City between the members of the A. P. A. and the Catholics, in which several persons were killed or wounded. That is the difficulty to which the "Crank" referred, and he did not think of casting any reflection whatever upon any individual, either Catholic or A. P. A. He does not know who is responsible for the difficulty, the A. P. A. or Catholics. But no one can say anything against the Catholics of this locality; they are all upright, respectable, accommodating neighbors, whose friendship he very much appreciates. Summing the whole matter up, the paragraph in question was somewhat ambiguous, to one not familiar with the subject-matter.

Recently he made a trip to Ironton. It was observed that wheat, oats, etc., look fairly well, and promise an excellent yield.

J. N. Black, West Fork, visited us on Sunday last. H. Latham is putting the roads in first-class order.

While in Ironton recently I met Miss Schneider, teacher in the "Knob" School, who is one of the best teachers in this county. Miss S. informed me that they have "only five more weeks yet."

Owing to the high water Saturday last, Mr. Phillips, our accommodating mail-carrier, failed to make the trip to West Fork, and return.

may 10th 94

W. R. EDGAR, Trustee.

Read!

—AND—

Reflect!

IT IS TIME WELL SPENT.

We are aware that times are hard and money scarce, but we are happy to say that we have succeeded in buying

Our Spring Stock

AT SURPRISINGLY LOW PRICES.

Our Several Departments are Now in Order:

Millinery

We have received a large invoice of all the Latest Novelties in Millinery Goods—Hats, Flowers, Ribbons, Laces, etc.; in fact, everything new and to please the eye and taste.

Miss LAWRENCE, who was formerly with us, is here again. Her good taste in trimming has been well attested by the ladies. Our aim will be to please you in style, and prices which will be lower than ever.

Clothing

Never had a nicer line for Men, Youths and Boys—all at extremely low prices: we can sell you a fair man's suit for \$3.50. Better ones for \$5, \$7.50, \$8.50 and \$12. Boys' jersey suits, age 3 to 7 years, for \$1.50; worth \$3. Boys' Corduroy Suits, 3 to 7 years, \$1.25; worth \$2.50.

Our Furnishing Goods

Are the latest. We are showing good values in Underwear, Neckwear, Negliges, Shirts etc.

Shoes

We can save you money. Note a few prices: Ladies' Kid Button, patent tip, \$1.35; worth \$2. Ladies' Slippers, 85c: worth \$1.25. Child's Red Slippers, Spring Heel, 12s to 2s, 65c: worth \$1.25.

House Furnishing Goods

Examine our line of Furniture, Stoves, etc., before buying. If you do, you cannot help trading with us. See our Beautiful Line of BABY BUGGIES.

T. S. LOPEZ & SONS.